



NORTH KOREA SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT

AI-Assisted Open Source Intelligence Assessment

Analysis Period: June 19, 2026 - June 26, 2026

This report was produced using open-source intelligence analysis. The assessment is grounded in publicly available reporting and should be cross-referenced with primary sources. RSS feed articles are listed in the annex for reference.

Security Analysis Report: North Korea (June 19, 2026 - June 26, 2026)

Executive Summary

During the period of June 19-26, 2026, North Korea significantly escalated its military modernization efforts and reinforced its "deadly and destructive offensive posture" against South Korea and the United States. Key developments included leader Kim Jong Un overseeing tests of upgraded artillery and tactical missile systems, alongside the commissioning of the nation's largest warship, the 5,000-ton Choe Hyon-class destroyer. Pyongyang also continued to fortify its southern border with South Korea, drawing condemnation from Seoul. Diplomatically, North Korea deepened its strategic alliances with China and Russia, leveraging these relationships for economic and military support while rejecting dialogue with the U.S. on denuclearization. Cybersecurity threats remained prominent, with reports detailing sophisticated North Korean employment fraud and the deployment of new macOS malware.

Key Security Developments

- Advanced Weapons Tests and Military Modernization

On Thursday, June 25, North Korean leader Kim Jong Un supervised tests of upgraded artillery and missile systems as part of a five-year national defense modernization plan. The exercises assessed an upgraded 240mm 24-tube multiple rocket launcher with a 90-kilometer range and automated fire-control, a tactical ballistic missile with a "special mission warhead" for strategic targets, and extended-range 155mm self-propelled howitzer shells with a 65-kilometer range. Kim stated that these tests demonstrated "great technological progress" and aimed to build a "deadly and destructive offensive posture" to deter adversaries.

- Commissioning of New Destroyer and Naval Expansion

On June 23, North Korea formally commissioned its largest-ever warship, the lead vessel of the 5,000-ton Choe Hyon-class guided-missile destroyers (Choe Hyon (51)), at the Nampo shipyard on its western coast. Kim Jong Un presided over the ceremony, touting the ship as a symbol of the country's growing naval and nuclear capabilities. This commissioning underscores North Korea's commitment to rapidly improving its

naval capacity and capability, with plans to construct a new class of 10,000-ton strategic guided missile cruisers.

- Expansion of Shipbuilding Infrastructure

Satellite imagery obtained by Radio Free Asia on June 16 (reported on June 23) indicated that North Korea is expanding its shipbuilding infrastructure in the port cities of Nampo and Chongjin. This expansion, including workers' barracks, rail tracks, and new construction halls, is likely intended to accelerate Kim Jong Un's directive to deliver two Choe Hyon-class destroyers per year over five years and support the construction of larger warships.

- Fortification of Southern Border

South Korea's military on June 22 denounced North Korea's intensified border fencing as a violation of the armistice agreement that halted the 1950-53 Korean War. Reports indicated that North Korea has installed barbed wire fences just 80-90 meters from the Military Demarcation Line (MDL) and cleared land to plant mines as close as 5-10 meters to the MDL. This fortification effort, including anti-tank barriers, has been ongoing since April 2024, following Kim Jong Un's declaration of inter-Korean ties as "two states hostile to each other."

- South Korea's Border Policy Adjustment

On June 17, South Korea announced it would shift its Civilian Control Line (CCL) to narrow the area restricting civilian access near the military border with North Korea. The CCL, currently up to 10 km south of the MDL, will be shrunk by an average of 6 km starting in 2027, aiming to enhance convenience for local residents and farmers while maintaining defense readiness.

- Deepening China-North Korea Alliance

Chinese President Xi Jinping's state visit to North Korea from June 8-9 (referenced in reports during this period) highlighted Beijing's efforts to bolster its relationship with Pyongyang. During the summit, Xi and Kim Jong Un expressed hopes for greater ties, with Xi pledging to expand cooperation in trade, agriculture, construction, and technology, and both leaders emphasizing strategic coordination to safeguard sovereignty and security interests. This visit, Xi's first foreign trip of the year, followed closely after visits by U.S. President Donald Trump and Russian President Vladimir Putin to Beijing, signaling a more confident North Korea balancing its allies.

- Strengthening Russia-North Korea "Blood Alliance"

North Korea marked the second anniversary of its comprehensive strategic partnership treaty with Russia with week-long ideological lectures for officials, framing the alliance as an "unbreakable achievement" of Kim Jong Un's leadership. The treaty, signed on June 19, 2024, covers cooperation across political, economic, cultural, defense, and security domains, including a mutual security guarantee. Russia's

Foreign Ministry on June 25 urged South Korea to halt pressure and sanctions against North Korea, reflecting its strengthening pro-Pyongyang stance amidst South Korea's troop dispatch to Ukraine. Russia is also reportedly providing advanced technologies to North Korea, including submarine propulsion and air defense equipment.

- North Korean Cyber Operations

A report released on June 18 by US-based cybersecurity firm Nisos detailed the operations of a North Korean employment fraud cell. This 22-member cell submitted over 166,893 job applications and participated in more than 21,645 interviews from 2024-2025, primarily targeting high-salary, remote developer and engineering jobs to generate hundreds of millions of dollars for Pyongyang, violating international sanctions. Separately, a North Korea-linked threat actor deployed "Gaslight," a Rust-compiled macOS backdoor, to harvest browser credentials and use Telegram Bot API for command and control, notably embedding a prompt injection payload to blind AI-assisted malware triage tools.

- Diplomatic Standoff with the United States

South Korean President Lee Jae Myung urged U.S. President Donald Trump to facilitate inter-Korean dialogue during the June 17 G7 summit. While Trump expressed willingness to engage and approved sanctions exemptions for humanitarian aid, dialogue is unlikely as the U.S. maintains its position on North Korean denuclearization. North Korea, through Kim Yo Jong, denounced the G7 statement on June 18 as an infringement of its sovereignty and has consistently stated it will not negotiate with the U.S. as long as denuclearization is a precondition.

- North Korean Soldier Crosses Border

On June 25, South Korea's military reported taking into custody an unidentified North Korean soldier who crossed the heavily fortified inter-Korean border on Tuesday night, June 24. This incident highlights ongoing border security challenges despite increased fortification efforts by North Korea.

Geopolitical Impact and Regional Dynamics

North Korea's actions during this period have significantly reinforced its position as a nuclear-armed state and a key player in the evolving geopolitical landscape of Northeast Asia. The intensified military modernization, particularly the commissioning of the Choe Hyon-class destroyer and plans for a 10,000-ton cruiser, signal a strategic shift towards a more capable navy with greater power projection, moving beyond purely coastal defense. This development, coupled with the continued testing of advanced artillery and tactical missiles, directly challenges regional stability and the security postures of South Korea, Japan, and the United States. Pyongyang's explicit

aim to develop a "deadly and destructive offensive posture" targeting South Korean infrastructure and U.S. military bases raises the risk of miscalculation and escalation.

The deepening alliances with China and Russia are central to North Korea's current strategic calculus. Xi Jinping's visit to Pyongyang, followed by Russia's strong diplomatic backing and alleged technological assistance, demonstrates a concerted effort by these powers to counter U.S. influence in the region. North Korea is leveraging its growing relevance to both Beijing and Moscow, particularly in the context of Russia's war in Ukraine, to secure economic and military support while pushing for tacit acceptance of its nuclear status. This trilateral alignment complicates international efforts to enforce sanctions and denuclearize North Korea, as China and Russia have explicitly opposed sanctions or military pressure.

The diplomatic standoff with the United States, characterized by North Korea's refusal to discuss denuclearization as a precondition for talks, indicates a prolonged period of tension. While the U.S. and South Korea continue to call for denuclearization, North Korea views its nuclear status as irreversible and essential for its sovereignty. The ongoing cybersecurity operations, generating significant revenue for Pyongyang, further enable its weapons programs and circumvent international sanctions, adding another layer of complexity to regional security. The fortification of the inter-Korean border and the occasional security incidents underscore the persistent hostility and the potential for localized clashes, maintaining a high level of tension on the Korean Peninsula.

Military and Defense Analysis

North Korea's military posture is undergoing a significant transformation, driven by Kim Jong Un's directive to accelerate defense buildup and establish an "absolutely reliable" self-defense deterrent. The recent tests of upgraded 240mm multiple rocket launchers, tactical ballistic missiles with special mission warheads, and extended-range 155mm howitzer shells on June 25 demonstrate a focus on enhancing conventional precision strike capabilities, particularly along the southern border with South Korea. These systems are explicitly designed to target critical infrastructure and military bases in South Korea, including airfields, ports, and power facilities.

Naval modernization is a clear priority, highlighted by the June 23 commissioning of the 5,000-ton Choe Hyon-class destroyer, which is North Korea's most advanced warship and is capable of carrying ship-launched cruise missiles potentially fitted with tactical nuclear warheads. This represents a substantial leap in the Korean People's Army Navy's (KPAN) capabilities, moving towards a more robust surface fleet. Plans to construct a 10,000-ton guided missile cruiser, twice the displacement of the Choe Hyon-class, further indicate ambitions for a blue-water navy with greater operational

reach and power projection. The expansion of shipbuilding infrastructure in Nampo and Chongjin supports these accelerated naval development goals.

Defense spending trends are difficult to ascertain directly, but the continuous development and deployment of new, sophisticated weapons systems, coupled with large-scale infrastructure projects like shipbuilding and border fortification, suggest a sustained and significant allocation of resources to the military. This is likely supported by illicit revenue generation through cyber activities, which reportedly earn hundreds of millions of dollars for Pyongyang. Furthermore, alleged technology transfers from Russia, including for submarine propulsion, air defense, and electronic warfare systems, are likely playing a crucial role in North Korea's modernization programs, enhancing the accuracy and survivability of its ballistic missiles. The fortification of the southern border with fences, mines, and anti-tank barriers also reflects a commitment to a hardened defensive and offensive posture against South Korea.

Outlook and Forecast

Short-term trends (1-3 months):

In the immediate future, North Korea is highly likely to continue its aggressive military modernization, focusing on the development and testing of both conventional and strategic weapons systems. We can anticipate further demonstrations of its upgraded artillery and missile capabilities, potentially including more tactical ballistic missile launches or naval exercises involving the newly commissioned Choe Hyon destroyer. The fortification of the inter-Korean border is expected to proceed, potentially leading to increased localized tensions or minor security incidents. North Korea will also continue to leverage its alliances with China and Russia for economic and technological support, while maintaining a firm stance against denuclearization talks with the United States. Cybersecurity operations aimed at revenue generation will persist and likely become more sophisticated, targeting global financial and technology sectors.

Critical flashpoints and risk areas:

The Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) and the Northern Limit Line (NLL) in the Yellow Sea remain critical flashpoints. North Korea's ongoing border fortification and its refusal to recognize the NLL increase the risk of accidental or intentional clashes. Any further missile tests or military exercises near the border could provoke a strong response from South Korea and its allies. The deployment of new, more capable warships and the stated intent to target South Korean infrastructure with tactical weapons also elevate the risk of a rapid escalation in the event of a confrontation. The persistent diplomatic deadlock over denuclearization, coupled with North Korea's enhanced

military capabilities, creates a volatile environment where miscalculation could have severe consequences.

Indicators to monitor:

Key indicators to monitor include the frequency and nature of North Korean missile and artillery tests, particularly those involving new or upgraded systems. Satellite imagery of shipbuilding facilities in Nampo and Chongjin should be closely watched for progress on the 10,000-ton cruiser and additional Choe Hyon-class destroyers. Any further high-level diplomatic exchanges or military cooperation agreements with China and Russia will be crucial indicators of the strength and direction of these alliances. Monitoring reports on North Korean cyber activities, including new malware deployments or significant cryptocurrency thefts, will provide insight into its illicit revenue generation. Finally, statements from Pyongyang regarding inter-Korean relations and denuclearization talks with the U.S. should be carefully analyzed for any shifts in rhetoric or policy.

Strategic recommendations:

Given the current trajectory, a multi-faceted approach is recommended. First, the U.S., South Korea, and Japan should continue to strengthen their trilateral security cooperation and maintain a robust military force posture in the region to deter aggression. Second, while maintaining the long-term goal of denuclearization, exploring avenues for dialogue with North Korea that do not impose denuclearization as an immediate precondition might be necessary to de-escalate tensions and manage competition. Third, international efforts to counter North Korea's cyber financing operations must be intensified to curb its ability to fund weapons programs. Fourth, diplomatic channels with China and Russia should be utilized to underscore the risks of North Korea's military buildup and the importance of upholding international sanctions. Finally, continued monitoring and intelligence gathering on North Korea's military, economic, and diplomatic activities are paramount for informed decision-making.

Structured Assessment

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## ANNEX: COLLECTED ARTICLES BY SOURCE

### Source: NK News

- [Ask a North Korean: What does a ‘hometown’ mean to a defector?](#) (2026-06-26 03:25)

“Ask a North Korean” is an NK News series featuring interviews with and columns by North Korean defectors, most of whom left the DPRK within the last few years. Idam, a pseudonym for a defector who left North Korea in 2019 and entered the South a year later, explains what a hometown means for an [...]

- [North Korea tests ability to strike ROK power stations with tactical nukes: KCNA](#) (2026-06-25 22:49)

North Korean leader Kim Jong Un oversaw a missile test on Thursday involving tactical nuclear missiles capable of targeting what he implied were South Korean power stations, according to state media. The leader said the tests of what appeared to be the Hwasong-11D close-range ballistic missile (CRBM) and other weapons were meant to instill fear [...]

- [North Korea’ s abductions are ‘state-sponsored kidnapping,’ US ambassador says](#) (2026-06-25 09:55)

The U.S. ambassador to the U.N. on Wednesday called North Korea’ s past abductions of Japanese citizens “state-sponsored kidnapping” and urged Pyongyang to immediately resolve the decades-old cases. “The United States stands with you, stands with Japan, with the Republic of Korea, and with every nation whose citizens were stolen by the DPRK,” Amb. Mike Waltz [...]

- [Russian companies court North Korea with fuel, fertilizer and construction bids](#) (2026-06-25 09:15)

A large Russian business delegation from Siberia arrived in North Korea this week to offer fuel, fertilizers, agricultural products and construction services to the DPRK market, according to the East Siberian Chamber of Commerce. Representatives from five companies in the Irkutsk region kicked off business meetings with North Korean counterparts, the chamber announced on social [...]

- [Nordwind Airlines partners with IT firm to train North Korean airline staff](#) (2026-06-25 09:03)

Russia’ s Nordwind Airlines joined hands with a Moscow-based IT service to train North Korean Air Koryo staff on using ticketing systems inside the DPRK, according to a Nordwind press release Monday, a move likely heralding an increase of North Korean arrivals in Russia.

Nordwind Airlines, the first company in decades to launch direct flights between [...]

- [North Korean construction near border is ‘civil,’ not armistice breach: UNC](#) (2026-06-25 08:58)

The U.N. Command (UNC) said Tuesday that recent North Korean construction inside the Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) does not violate the 1953 Korean War Armistice Agreement, saying the projects remain on the northern side of the border and have not altered the military balance in the buffer zone. In a fact sheet, the U.S.-led command said [...]

- [Russia sends Ebola testing kits to North Korea amid new Africa outbreak](#) (2026-06-25 07:02)

Russia has supplied North Korea with Ebola test kits at Pyongyang’s request, according to a Moscow-based government agency, as the two countries expand their cooperation in health care and various other fields. Test kits for the Bundibugyo variant of the Ebola virus had already been delivered to the DPRK, according to a June 19 press [...]

- [Chinese kids set to visit UK-sanctioned North Korean Songdowon camp: tour firm](#) (2026-06-25 06:03)

Chinese children are set to visit North Korea’s Songdowon International Children’s Camp this summer, according to a Russian tour agency, weeks after the U.K. blacklisted the camp and prompted Pyongyang to recall its ambassador from London. The Russian travel firm Vostok Intur flagged the “expected arrival of Chinese schoolchildren” at Songdowon this year in a [...]

- [North Korea tightens control of local market prices since pandemic: report](#) (2026-06-24 10:37)

North Korea has expanded the state’s role in regulating consumer goods prices since the COVID-19 pandemic as it continues to control economic activity within its borders, according to a Japanese journalist. Black markets (jangmadang), that sell food, clothes and foreign goods largely set their own prices until around 2020, but are now increasingly influenced by [...]

- [Lee visits island North Korea shelled, calls for deterrent to ‘overwhelm’ enemy](#) (2026-06-24 08:46)

South Korean President Lee Jae Myung visited Yeonpyeong Island near the maritime border with North Korea on Wednesday, one day before the 76th anniversary of the beginning of the Korean War. It marked the first time a sitting president has visited the Marine Yeonpyeong Unit in 14 years, since Lee Myung-bak’s inspection in 2012. North [...]

- [South Korean court denies jury trial for Pyongyang-born woman seeking return](#) (2026-06-24 08:03)

A South Korean court on Monday rejected a request by a Pyongyang-born resident for a trial by jury in her National Security Act case, as she continues a yearslong push to return to North

Korea and reunite with her family. Kim Ryon-hui's lawyer asked the Daegu District Court to grant a trial by her peers, [...]

- [North Korean soldier taken into custody from inter-Korean border](#) (2026-06-24 03:29)

This is a breaking news story and will be updated. A North Korean soldier was taken into custody by South Korean forces from the central area of the heavily fortified inter-Korean border Tuesday evening, the South's military said the next day. The lone soldier is currently under investigation, South Korea's Joint Chiefs of Staff told [...]

- [Kim Jong Un commissions North Korea's largest warship, vows naval expansion](#) (2026-06-23 23:15)

North Korean leader Kim Jong Un oversaw the commissioning of the country's first 5,000-ton naval destroyer on Tuesday, capping more than a year of development of a warship the country has hailed as the centerpiece of its naval modernization into a nuclear-capable force. The new multi-mission destroyer, named Choe Hyon, was formally inducted into the [...]

- [North Korean UNESCO official removed from Jeju Forum speaker lineup](#) (2026-06-23 10:18)

A North Korean education expert for UNESCO will no longer speak at a major South Korean peace forum this week after the U.N. organization replaced him with another official for a panel discussion on the future of education. Chang Gwang Chol, UNESCO headquarters' chief of education policy and a former official in North Korea's education [...]

- [Jeju governor-elect proposes table tennis diplomacy with North Korea](#) (2026-06-23 09:49)

Jeju Province's governor-elect has proposed expanding cooperation with North Korea through a multinational table tennis tournament hosted on the southern South Korean island. Wi Seong-gon, who is set to take office next month, told NK News he plans to orchestrate a table tennis tournament between South Korea, North Korea, China and Japan "to establish Jeju [...]"

- [Ambassador recall, remote work scams and the lives of North Korea's elites](#) (2026-06-23 05:31)

This week's episode of the NK News Podcast looks at North Korea's decision to recall its ambassador to the U.K. just weeks after his appointment, in protest over British sanctions on the Songdowon International Children's Camp. NK News Lead Correspondent Shreyas Reddy discusses why the camp holds symbolic importance for Pyongyang, its links to Russia [...]

- [Kim launches campaign to end North Korean coal industry's 'backwardness'](#) (2026-06-22 23:09)

This is a developing story. Please check back for updates. North Korean leader Kim Jong Un has unveiled a major campaign to modernize the country's coal industry and rebuild coal-mining communities nationwide, while reaffirming plans to expand nuclear and military capabilities and reshuffling senior leadership positions, according to state media. The decisions were

announced during [...]

- [Award-winning Korea studies scholar accused of using AI-fabricated citations](#) (2026-06-22 09:25)

An award-winning Korea studies scholar based in the U.S. is facing scrutiny over allegations that she listed fabricated citations in a recent journal article. Two prominent scholars told NK News that they did not write the works attributed to them in the article by Aram Hur, Kim Koo Chair in Korean Studies at the Fletcher [...]

- [South Korean military alleges North' s border fortification violates armistice](#) (2026-06-22 06:45)

North Korea has continued to fortify its side of the border by constructing miles of roads and barbed wire fencing, an act the South' s military condemned on Monday as a violation of the two countries' Armistice Agreement. North Korea installed a 10-kilometer barrier above the Northern Limit Line, the maritime boundary between the two Koreas, [...]

- [Lee says he asked Trump to 'resolve' North Korea nuke issue following Iran deal](#) (2026-06-19 08:20)

South Korean President Lee Jae Myung said he asked U.S. President Donald Trump to resolve the North Korean nuclear issue this week following the U.S. deal with Iran, advocating for a “phased approach” to denuclearization as the “realistic way forward.” During a press conference at the Blue House on Friday, Lee disclosed the details of [...]

- [Kim Yo Jong warns G7 'inviting disaster' by calling for DPRK' s denuclearization](#) (2026-06-19 05:38)

The North Korean leader' s influential sister Kim Yo Jong denounced the Group of Seven (G7) industrialized nations for calling for Pyongyang' s denuclearization, warning that those who pursue this “line of no retreat” will face consequences. In a statement published by the state-run Korean Central News Agency (KCNA) on Thursday, Kim criticized the joint declaration issued [...]

- [Ask a North Korean: How does DPRK society view people with disabilities?](#) (2026-06-19 03:37)

“Ask a North Korean” is an NK News series featuring interviews with and columns by North Korean defectors, most of whom left the DPRK within the last few years. Readers may submit their questions for defectors by emailing [ask@nknews.org](mailto:ask@nknews.org) and including their first name and city of residence. Today' s question is about how North Korean [...]

- [North Korea reveals major bus crush caused over 20 casualties](#) (2026-06-19 01:43)

North Korean media has reported that a major bus crash in the countryside injured more than 20 passengers earlier this year, a rare acknowledgement of an accident in a country with

dangerously outdated roads. According to Korean Central Television (KCTV) on Wednesday, a passenger bus traveling through Kangwon Province veered off the road on the [...]

## Source: NK Pro

- [North Korean hackers deploy new macOS malware that tricks AI security tools](#) (2026-06-26 03:14)

North Korean-linked cybercriminals are using a newly identified malware family targeting Apple computers, which combines traditional data-stealing capabilities with a novel attempt to manipulate security tools powered by artificial intelligence (AI), according to cybersecurity researchers. In a report published Tuesday, U.S. cybersecurity firm SentinelLabs outlined the workings of the “macOS.Gaslight” malware, which is designed to [...]

The post North Korean hackers deploy new macOS malware that tricks AI security tools appeared first on NK PRO.

- [New activity detected at North Korean military parade base: satellite imagery](#) (2026-06-25 07:41)

North Korea’s main military parade training base has become active again in recent days, according to NK Pro analysis of satellite imagery, suggesting Pyongyang may hold another parade this year. The new activity comes after large scale parades last October and February, each involving months of marching formation practices for over 10,000 participating troops. Planet [...]

The post New activity detected at North Korean military parade base: satellite imagery appeared first on NK PRO.

- [Why North Korea’s anti-unification policies are an admission of weakness](#) (2026-06-24 10:21)

North Korean leader Kim Jong Un did the unthinkable when he renounced the idea of peaceful reunification with the South, with the recent reveal of constitutional revisions highlighting how the regime has institutionalized the new hardline policy. But what has arguably flown under the radar is what this policy change revealed about the DPRK’s position [...]

The post Why North Korea’s anti-unification policies are an admission of weakness appeared first on NK PRO.

- [What it would actually mean to accept North Korea as a nuclear state](#) (2026-06-22 09:37)

The Kim Jong Un regime has repeatedly insisted that it is a nuclear weapon state in recent weeks, defiantly asserting that it will never relinquish its arsenal and that would-be interlocutors must acknowledge this. So, what does it actually mean to accept North Korea as a nuclear weapon state? What steps would be necessary, and [...]

The post What it would actually mean to accept North Korea as a nuclear state appeared first on NK PRO.

- [China-North Korea processing trade holds firm with raw hair, wigs](#) (2026-06-22 09:18)

The trade of human hair led North Korea's business with China in both directions in May, according to data released by China's General Administration of Customs (GAC). Pyongyang also imported \$2.2 million worth of medicine, including drugs used to treat tuberculosis, as the country contends with one of the world's highest rates of the disease. [...] The post China-North Korea processing trade holds firm with raw hair, wigs appeared first on NK PRO.

- [North Korean hackers behind supply chain attack on AI platform: Microsoft](#) (2026-06-22 08:55)

North Korean cybercriminals were responsible for a sophisticated software supply chain attack that compromised more than 140 software packages tied to Mastra, a popular framework used to build artificial intelligence (AI) agents and applications, according to Microsoft. In a report published Friday, the U.S. software giant assessed with "high confidence" that the campaign was the [...] The post North Korean hackers behind supply chain attack on AI platform: Microsoft appeared first on NK PRO.

- [North Korea marks 2nd anniversary of mutual defense pact with Russia](#) (2026-06-19 03:52)

North Korean state media marked the second anniversary of the Pyongyang summit between leader Kim Jong Un and Russian President Vladimir Putin on Friday, praising the signing of a mutual defense treaty that paved the way for joint fighting against Ukrainian "neo-Nazis." Pyongyang kept up its outreach to friendly states. Kim sent a birthday message [...] The post North Korea marks 2nd anniversary of mutual defense pact with Russia appeared first on NK PRO.